



Product code	6239-A	Page 1 of 16
Product name	<b>TALSTAR 10 EC</b>	May 2019
Safety data sheet according to EU Reg. 1907/2006 as amended		Supersedes March 2018

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### TALSTAR 10 EC

Revision: Sections containing a revision or new information are marked with a ♣.

#### ♣ SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1. **Product identifier** ..... **Talstar 10 EC**  
**Contains hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics and benzene-sulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts**
- 1.2. **Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against** ..... Can be used as insecticide only.
- 1.3. **Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet** ..... **FMC Agricultural Solutions A/S**  
Thyborønvej 78  
DK-7673 Harbøre  
Denmark  
[SDS.Ronland@fmc.com](mailto:SDS.Ronland@fmc.com)
- 1.4. **Emergency telephone number**  
*Medical emergencies:*
- |                                     |   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Austria: +43 1 406 43 43            | Luxembourg: +352 8002 5500                                      |
| Belgium: +32 70 245 245             | Netherlands: +31 30 274 88 88                                   |
| Bulgaria: +359 2 9154 409           | Norway: +47 22 591300   |
| Cyprus: 1401                        | Poland: +48 22 619 66 54  |
| Czech Republic: +420 224 919 293    | +48 22 619 08 97  |
| +420 224 915 402                    | Portugal: 808 250 143 (in Portugal only)                        |
| Denmark: +45 82 12 12 12            | +351 21 330 3284  |
| England and Wales: 111              | Romania: +40 21318 3606   |
| Estonia: +372 7943500               | Scotland: +8454 24 24 24  |
| France: +33 (0) 1 45 42 59 59       | Slovakia: +421 2 54 77 4 166                                    |
| Finland: +358 9 471 977             | Slovenia: +386 41 650 500                                       |
| Greece: 30 210 77 93 777            | South Africa: +27 83 123 3911 (Bateleur Emergency Response Co.) |
| Hungary: +36 80 20 11 99            | Spain: +34 91 562 04 20   |
| Ireland (Republic): +353 1 837 9964 | Sweden: +46 08-331231   |
| Italy: +39 02 6610 1029             | 112   |
| Latvia: +371 670 42 473             | Switzerland: 145  |
| 112                                 | Turkey: 114   |
| Lithuania: +370 523 62052           | U.S.A. & Canada: +1 800 / 331 3148                              |
| +370 687 53378                      | All other countries: +1 651 / 632 6793 (Collect)                |

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For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies:

U.S.A.: +1 800 / 424 9300 (CHEMTREC)  
 All other countries: +1 703 / 527 3887 (CHEMTREC - Collect)

**♣ SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

**2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture**

Flammable liquid: Category 3 (H226)  
 Acute oral toxicity: Category 4 (H302)  
 Acute inhalation toxicity: Category 4 (H332)  
 Skin irritation: Category 2 (H315)  
 Eye damage: Category 1 (H318)  
 Carcinogenicity: Category 2 (H351)  
 Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure: Category 3 (H335 and H336)  
 Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure: Category 1 (H372)  
 Aspiration toxicity: Category 1 (H304)  
 Hazards to the aquatic environment, acute: Category 1 (H400)  
 chronic: Category 1 (H410)

WHO classification ..... Class II: Moderately hazardous

Chemical-physical hazards ..... The product is flammable.

Health hazards ..... The product is harmful by ingestion and inhalation. It has irritating properties. It may cause allergic reactions. It may cause depression of nervous system.

The active ingredient **bifenthrin** is toxic by inhalation and if swallowed. It is suspected of causing cancer.

Environmental hazards ..... The product is very toxic to aquatic organisms.

**2.2. Label elements**

According to EU Reg. 1272/2008 as amended

Product identifier ..... Talstar 10 EC  
 Contains hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics and benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts

Hazard pictograms (GHS02, GHS05, GHS07, GHS08, GHS09)



Signal word ..... Danger

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**Hazard statements**

H226 .....	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 .....	Harmful if swallowed.
H304 .....	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 .....	Causes skin irritation
H318 .....	Causes serious eye damage.
H332 .....	Harmful if inhaled.
H335 .....	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 .....	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351 .....	Suspected of causing cancer.
H372 .....	Causes damage to nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 .....	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Supplementary hazard statements**

EUH066 .....	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking.
EUH208 .....	Contains bifenthrin. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH401 .....	To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions of use.

**Precautionary statements**

P261 .....	Avoid breathing vapours.
P280 .....	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.
P303+P361+P353 .....	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P305+P351+P338 .....	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310 .....	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P501 .....	Dispose of contents/container as hazardous waste.

2.3. **Other hazards** ..... None of the ingredients in the product meets the criteria for being PBT or vPvB.

**SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

3.1. **Substances** ..... The product is a mixture, not a substance.

3.2. **Mixtures** ..... See section 16 for full text of hazard statements.

*Bifenthrin*

<b>Bifenthrin</b> .....	Content: 12% by weight
CAS name .....	Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 3-[(1Z)-2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propen-1-yl]-2,2-dimethyl-, (2-methyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)methyl ester, (1R,3R)-rel-
CAS no. ....	82657-04-3
IUPAC name .....	2-Methyl-3-phenylbenzyl (1RS)-cis-3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-prop-1-enyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate
ISO name/EU name .....	Bifenthrin
EC no. (EINECS no.) .....	None
EU index no. ....	None
Molecular weight .....	422.9
Classification of the ingredient .....	Acute oral toxicity: Category 2 (H300)

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Acute inhalation toxicity: Category 3 (H331)  
 Sensitisation – skin: Category 1B (H317)  
 Carcinogenicity: Category 2 (H351)  
 Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure: Category 1 (H372)  
 Hazards to the aquatic environment, acute: Category 1 (H400)  
 chronic: Category 1 (H410)

Reportable ingredients

<u>Reportable ingredients</u>	Content (% w/w)	CAS no.	EC no.	Classification
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics Reg. no. 01-2119455851-35	81		918-668-5	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT SE 3 (H336) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)
Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13- branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts	4	68953-96-8	EINECS no.: 273-234-6	Acute Tox. 4 (H312) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)

**SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

If exposure has occurred, do not wait for symptoms to develop, but immediately start the procedures described below.

Inhalation .....

If experiencing any discomfort, immediately remove from exposure. Light cases: Keep person under surveillance. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms develop. Serious cases: Get medical attention immediately or call for an ambulance.

If breathing has stopped, immediately start artificial respiration and maintain until a physician takes charge of the exposed person.

Skin contact .....

Immediately remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Do not start with flushing with water, but wipe off with dry cloth or using talcum powder, followed by washing with water and soap. Thereafter apply lidocaine, vitamin E cream, fatty skin care oil or cream. See physician if contamination is severe or if feeling unwell.

Eye contact .....

Immediately rinse eyes with much water or eyewash solution, occasionally opening eyelids, until no evidence of chemical remains. Remove contact lenses after a few minutes and rinse again. See physician immediately.

Ingestion .....

Call a doctor or get medical attention immediately. Make the exposed person rinse mouth and then drink 1 or 2 glasses of water or milk. Induce vomiting only if:

1. a significant amount (more than a mouthful) has been ingested
2. patient is fully conscious
3. medical aid is not readily available
4. time since ingestion is less than one hour.

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Let the patient induce vomiting by touching the back of the throat with a finger. If vomiting occurs, take care that vomit does not enter airways. Let the exposed person rinse mouth and drink fluids again.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Bifenthrin can cause feelings of burning, tingling or numbness in exposed areas (paraesthesia).

**4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

If any sign of poisoning occurs, call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to a pyrethroid insecticide. Describe his/her condition and the extent of exposure. Immediately remove the exposed person from the area where the product is present.

As soon as a feeling of tingling is noted in any skin area (see section 11), it is recommended to immediately apply lidocaine or a vitamin E cream. For this purpose, lidocaine or vitamin E cream should be available at the workplace.

It may be helpful to show this safety data sheet to physician.

Notes to physician .....

A specific antidote against this substance is not known. Gastric lavage and administration of activated charcoal can be considered. Normally recovery is spontaneous.

The product contains petroleum distillates which may pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard.

If allowed to penetrate the skin, **bifenthrin** may cause an irritation similar to sunburn. The substance will be drawn into a non-polar environment such as a fat based oil or cream. Vitamin E cream has been reported to be beneficial. Water is highly polar and will not decrease, but may prolong the irritation. Hot water may increase the pain.

For eye contamination, instillation of local anaesthetic can be considered.

<b>SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES</b>
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**5.1. Extinguishing media .....**

Dry chemical or carbon dioxide for small fires, water spray or foam for large fires. Avoid heavy hose streams.

**5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

The essential breakdown products are volatile, toxic, irritant and inflammable compounds such as hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride, sulphur dioxide, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and various chlorinated and fluorinated organic compounds.

**5.3. Advice for firefighters .....**

Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Approach fire from upwind to avoid hazardous vapours and toxic decomposition products. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Dike area to prevent water runoff. Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

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**SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

It is recommended to have a plan for the avoidance of spills. If spillage does occur, it has to be removed and the area cleaned immediately according to a predetermined plan. It is recommended to clean area or equipment also if contamination is suspected.

Empty, sealable vessels for the collection of spills should be available.

In case of large spill (involving 10 tonnes of the product or more):

1. use personal protection equipment; see section 8
2. call emergency telephone no.; see section 1
3. alert authorities.

Observe all safety precautions when cleaning up spills. Use personal protection equipment. Depending on the magnitude of the spill this may mean wearing respirator, face mask or eye protection, chemical resistant clothing, gloves and boots.

Stop the source of the spill immediately if safe to do so. Keep unprotected persons away from the spill area. Avoid and reduce vapour and mist formation as much as possible. Remove sources of ignition.

**6.2. Environmental precautions .....**

Contain the spill to prevent any further contamination of surface, soil or water. Wash waters must be prevented from entering surface water drains. Uncontrolled discharge into water courses must be alerted to the appropriate regulatory body.

**6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

It is recommended to consider possibilities to prevent damaging effects of spills, such as bunding or capping. See GHS (Annex 4, Section 6).

Use non-sparking tools and equipment. If appropriate, surface water drains should be covered. Minor spills on the floor or other impervious surface should be absorbed onto an absorptive material such as universal binder, attapulgate, bentonite or other absorbent clays. Collect the contaminated absorbent in suitable containers. Clean area with much water and industrial detergent. Absorb wash liquid with absorbent and transfer to suitable containers. The used containers should be properly closed and labelled.

Large spills which soak into the ground should be dug up and transferred to suitable containers.

Spills in water should be contained as much as possible by isolation of the contaminated water. The contaminated water must be collected and removed for treatment or disposal.

**6.4. Reference to other sections .....**

See subsection 8.2. for personal protection.  
 See section 13 for disposal.

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## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling ...

The product is flammable. Formation of explosive vapour-air mixtures is possible. Fire prevention measures should be taken. Keep away from sources of ignition and protect from exposure to fire and heat. Take precautions against static discharge.

If the temperature of the liquid is below 30°C, which is 10°C below its flash point of 40°C, the fire and explosion hazard is considered minor. At higher temperatures, the hazard gradually becomes more serious.

In an industrial environment, it is important to avoid all personal contact with the product, if possible by using closed systems with remote system control. The material should be handled by mechanical means as much as possible. Adequate ventilation or local exhaust ventilation is required. The exhaust gases should be filtered or treated otherwise. For personal protection in this situation, see section 8.

For its use as a pesticide, first look for precautions and personal protection measures on the officially approved label on the packaging or for other official guidance or policy in force. If these are lacking, see section 8.

Keep all unprotected persons and children away from working area.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before removing gloves, wash them with water and soap. After work, take off all work clothes and footwear. Take a shower, using water and soap. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with water and soap after each use.

The work area should always be kept clean. Used personal protection equipment should either be thrown out or be cleaned immediately after use. Respirator should be cleaned and filter replaced according to instructions provided with respirator.

Inhalation of vapours of the product can cause lowered consciousness, which increases the risks of operating machinery and driving.

Do not discharge to the environment. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters. Collect all waste material and remains from cleaning equipment, etc., and dispose of as hazardous waste. See section 13 for disposal.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

The product is stable under normal conditions of warehouse storage.

Keep in tightly closed, labelled containers. The storage room should be constructed of incombustible material, closed, dry, ventilated and with impermeable floor, without access of unauthorised persons or

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children. A warning sign reading “POISON” is recommended. The room should only be used for storage of chemicals. Food, drink, feed and seed should not be present. A hand wash station should be available.

7.3. **Specific end use(s)** ..... This product is a registered pesticide, which may only be used for the applications it is registered for, in accordance with a label approved by the regulatory authorities.

**♣ SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

8.1. **Control parameters**  
 Personal exposure limits ..... To our knowledge, no exposure limits have been established for the active ingredient bifenthrin.

**Aromatic hydrocarbons** ..... 100 ppm total hydrocarbon is recommended. The mixture contains trimethyl benzene. The ACGIH recommends a TLV-TWA of 25 ppm (123 g/m<sup>3</sup>) for trimethyl benzene.  
 However, other personal exposure limits defined by local regulations may exist and must be observed.

**Bifenthrin**  
 DNEL ..... Not established  
 EFSA has established an AOEL of 0.0075 mg/kg bw/day  
 PNEC, aquatic environment ..... 0.095 ng/l

**Aromatic hydrocarbons**  
 DNEL, dermal ..... 12.5 mg/kg bw/day  
 DNEL, inhalation ..... 150 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 PNEC, aquatic environment ..... Not applicable

8.2. **Exposure controls** ..... When used in a closed system, personal protection equipment will not be required. The following is meant for other situations, when the use of a closed system is not possible, or when it is necessary to open the system. Consider the need to render equipment or piping systems non-hazardous before opening.

The precautions mentioned below are primarily meant for handling of the undiluted product and for preparing the spray solution, but can be recommended for spraying as well.

In cases of incidental high exposure, maximal personal protection may be necessary, such as respirator, face mask, chemical resistant coveralls.



Respiratory protection

In the event of an accidental discharge of the material which produces a heavy vapour or mist, workers must put on officially approved respiratory protection equipment with a universal filter type including particle filter.



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Protective gloves .....

Wear long chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber or nitrile rubber. The breakthrough times of these materials for the product are unknown. Generally, however, the use of protective gloves will give only partial protection against dermal exposure. Small tears in the gloves and cross-contamination can easily occur. It is recommended to limit the work to be done manually and to change the gloves immediately if there is a suspicion of contamination. Be careful not to touch anything with contaminated gloves. Used gloves should be thrown out and not be reused. Wash hands with water and soap immediately after work is finished.



Eye protection .....

Wear face shield rather than goggles or safety glasses. The possibility of eye contact should be excluded.



Other skin protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing to prevent skin contact depending on the extent of exposure. During most normal work situations where exposure to the material cannot be avoided for a limited time span, waterproof pants and apron of chemical resistant material or coveralls of polyethylene (PE) will be sufficient. Coveralls of PE must be discarded after use if contaminated. In cases of excessive or prolonged exposure, coveralls of barrier laminate may be required.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1. Information on physical and chemical properties

Appearance .....	Light-brown liquid
Odour .....	Mild, of aromatic hydrocarbons
Odour threshold .....	Not determined
pH .....	1% dispersion in water: 5.28
Melting point/freezing point .....	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Decomposes
Flash point .....	40°C
Evaporation rate .....	(Butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid/gas) .....	<b>Aromatic hydrocarbons</b> : 0.15
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits .....	Not applicable (liquid)
Vapour pressure .....	<b>Aromatic hydrocarbons</b> : 0.8 - 7.0 vol% (≈ 0.8 - 7.0 kPa)
	<b>Bifenthrin</b> : 2.4 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> Pa at 25°C
	<b>Aromatic hydrocarbons</b> : 0.20 kPa at 20°C
Vapour density .....	(Air = 1)
	<b>Aromatic hydrocarbons</b> : > 1
Relative density .....	Not determined
	Density: 0.913 - 0.916 g/ml
Solubility(ies) .....	<b>Bifenthrin</b> is soluble in xylene, toluene, acetone, n-heptane, ethyl acetate, chloroform, 1,2-dichloroethane and diethyl ether and slightly soluble in methanol.
	Solubility of <b>bifenthrin</b> in water: < 1 µg/l at pH 7 and 20°C

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Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	<b>Bifenthrin</b>	: log $K_{ow} > 6$
	<b>Aromatic hydrocarbons</b>	: some of the main components have log $K_{ow} = 3.4 - 4.1$
Autoignition temperature .....	Not determined	
Decomposition temperature .....	Not determined	
Viscosity .....	Not determined	
Explosive properties .....	Not explosive	
Oxidising properties .....	Not oxidising	

**9.2. Other information**

Miscibility ..... The product is dispersible in water.

**SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

- 10.1. **Reactivity** ..... To our knowledge, the product has no special reactivities.
- 10.2. **Chemical stability** ..... Bifenthrin decomposes on heating.
- 10.3. **Possibility of hazardous reactions** ..... None known.
- 10.4. **Conditions to avoid** ..... Heating of the product will produce harmful and irritant vapours.
- 10.5. **Incompatible materials** ..... None known.
- 10.6. **Hazardous decomposition products** ..... See subsection 5.2.

**SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

- 11.1. **Information on toxicological effects** \* = Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product

Acute toxicity .....		The product is harmful by ingestion and inhalation, but is not considered harmful by skin contact. The acute toxicity is measured as:
Route(s) of entry	- ingestion	LD <sub>50</sub> , oral, rat: 383 mg/kg (method US-EPA 81-1)
	- skin	LD <sub>50</sub> , dermal, rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg (method US-EPA 81-2) *
	- inhalation	LC <sub>50</sub> , inhalation, rat (male): 5.16 mg/l/4 h LC <sub>50</sub> , inhalation, rat (female): > 2.20 mg/l/4 h
Skin corrosion/irritation .....		Irritating to skin (method US-EPA 81-5). May cause dry skin.
Serious eye damage/irritation .....		Severely irritating to eyes (method US-EPA 81-4).
Respiratory or skin sensitisation ...		Not sensitising to skin (method US-EPA 81-6). *
Germ cell mutagenicity .....		The product contains no ingredients known to be mutagenic. *
Carcinogenicity .....		For bifenthrin, increased tumour rate in liver and urinary bladder of male mice (method EPA 83-2) was observed, but not in rats.

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Reproductive toxicity .....	The product contains no ingredients which are found to have adverse effects on fertility. *
STOT – single exposure .....	May cause drowsiness and dizziness and irritation of airways.
STOT – repeated exposure .....	The following was measured for the active ingredient bifenthrin: Target organ: nervous system. Repeated exposure may cause neurotoxic effects. Tremors and convulsions were seen in a 90-day test on rats at dose level (LOAEL) of 7.5 mg/kg bw/day (method EPA 82-1).
Aspiration hazard .....	The product presents an aspiration pneumonia hazard.
Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed	On contact, bifenthrin can cause feelings of burning, tingling or numbness in exposed areas (paraesthesia), which is harmless at low exposure, but can be quite painful, especially in the eye. The effect may result from splash, aerosol or transfer from contaminated gloves. The effect is transient, lasting up to 24 hours, but may in exceptional cases last longer. It may be considered as a warning that overexposure has occurred and that work practice should be reviewed.  If swallowed or inhaled small doses may produce non-specific symptoms (e.g. nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea). Larger doses may produce disturbance of the central nervous system (e.g. tremors, convulsions, coma).

**Bifenthrin**

Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution

The substance is only partially absorbed after oral intake. It is distributed mainly to skin and fatty tissues. It is partially metabolised and excreted completely within 48 hours. There is no potential for accumulation.

Acute toxicity .....	Bifenthrin is toxic by inhalation and if swallowed. Toxicity by skin contact is less severe. The acute toxicity is measured as:
Route(s) of entry	- ingestion LD <sub>50</sub> , oral, rat: approx. 55 mg/kg (method EPA 81-1)
	- skin LD <sub>50</sub> , dermal, rat: > 2000 mg/kg (method EPA 81-2) *
	- inhalation LC <sub>50</sub> , inhalation, rat: 1.01 mg/l/4 h (method OECD 403)
Skin corrosion/irritation .....	Not irritating to skin (method EPA 81-5). *
Serious eye damage/irritation .....	Not irritating to eyes (method EPA 81-4). *
Respiratory or skin sensitisation ...	Weakly sensitising (method OECD 406).

**Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics**

Acute toxicity .....

The substance is not considered as harmful. \* The acute toxicity is measured as:

Route(s) of entry	- ingestion LD <sub>50</sub> , oral, rat: 3592 mg/kg (method similar to OECD 401)
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- skin	LD <sub>50</sub> , dermal, rabbit: > 3160 mg/kg (method similar to OECD 402)
- inhalation	LC <sub>50</sub> , inhalation, rat: > 6.2 mg/l/4 h (method similar to OECD 403)
Skin corrosion/irritation .....	Mildly irritating to skin at prolonged exposure. Can cause skin dryness (method similar to OECD 404).
Serious eye damage/irritation .....	May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes (method similar to OECD 405). *
Respiratory or skin sensitisation ...	Not expected to cause allergic reactions (method similar to OECD 406). *
Aspiration hazard .....	Aromatic hydrocarbons present an aspiration hazard.

*Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts*

Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution	After oral intake, the substance is readily absorbed, metabolised and excreted with its metabolites, mainly in the bile.
Acute toxicity .....	The substance is harmful by skin contact, but not considered harmful by ingestion. The acute toxicity is measured on a similar substance as:
Route(s) of entry	- ingestion LD <sub>50</sub> , oral, rat: > 2000 mg/kg (method OECD 401) *
	- skin LD <sub>50</sub> , dermal, rat: 1000 - 1600 mg/kg (method OECD 402)
	- inhalation LC <sub>50</sub> , inhalation, rat: not available
Skin corrosion/irritation .....	Irritating to skin (measured on a similar substance).
Serious eye damage/irritation .....	Irritating to eyes with the potential to cause permanent eye damage (measured on a similar substance).
Respiratory or skin sensitisation ...	Not a skin sensitizer (measured on a similar substance, method OECD 406). *

**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1. **Toxicity** ..... The product is extremely toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates and insects. It is not considered as harmful to aquatic plants, soil micro- and macroorganisms and birds.

The ecotoxicity measured on the active ingredient **bifenthrin**:

- Fish	Rainbow trout ( <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> ) .....	96-h LC <sub>50</sub> : 0.10 µg/l 30-day NOEC: 0.012 µg/l
- Invertebrates	Daphnids ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> ) .....	48-h LC <sub>50</sub> : 0.11 µg/l 21-day NOEC: 0.00095 µg/l
- Algae	Green algae .....	IC <sub>50</sub> above solubility limit
- Earthworms	<i>Eisenia foetida foetida</i> .....	14-day LC <sub>50</sub> : > 18.9 mg/kg soil
- Birds	Bobwhite quail ( <i>Colinus virginianus</i> ) .....	LD <sub>50</sub> : 1800 mg/kg

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- Insects                      Bees (*Apis mellifera*) ..... 24-h LD<sub>50</sub>, oral: 0.1 µg/bee

12.2. **Persistence and degradability** .... **Bifenthrin** is not readily biodegradable. Its primary half-lifetimes in soil are measured to be several months depending on circumstances. It is not toxic to microorganisms in waste water treatment plants, but it is degraded only slowly.

**Aromatic hydrocarbons** are not readily biodegradable. However, they are expected to be degraded in the environment at a moderate rate. A BOD<sub>5</sub>/COD ratio of 0.43 was measured. When evaporated, the mixture is expected to degrade rapidly in the air.

The product contains minor amounts of not readily biodegradable components, which may not be degradable in waste water treatment plants.

12.3. **Bioaccumulative potential** ..... See section 9 for octanol-water partition coefficients.

**Bifenthrin** has the potential to bioaccumulate, but in view of its high acute toxicity to aquatic organisms, bioaccumulation is not relevant.

**Aromatic hydrocarbons** have a moderate potential to bioaccumulate if continuous exposure is maintained. Most components can be metabolised by many organisms, bacteria, fungi, etc. Bioaccumulation factors (BCFs) of some of the main components are 300 - 400 (by model calculation).

12.4. **Mobility in soil** ..... **Bifenthrin** is not mobile in soil. It binds tightly to soil particles.

**Aromatic hydrocarbons** are not mobile in the environment, but they are highly volatile and will rapidly evaporate to the air if released onto water or on the surface of soil. They float and can migrate to sediment.

12.5. **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** ..... None of the ingredients meets the criteria for being PBT or vPvB.

12.6. **Other adverse effects** ..... Other relevant hazardous effects in the environment are not known.

<b>SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS</b>
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13.1. **Waste treatment methods** ..... Remaining quantities of the material and empty but unclean packaging should be regarded as hazardous waste.

Disposal of waste and packagings must always be in accordance with all applicable local regulations.

Disposal of product ..... According to the Waste Framework Directive (2008/98/EC), possibilities for reuse or reprocessing should first be considered. If this is not feasible, the material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing.

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Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Disposal of packaging .....

It is recommended to consider possible ways of disposal in the following order:

1. Reuse or recycling should first be considered. Reuse is prohibited except by the authorisation holder. If offered for recycling, containers must be emptied and triply rinsed (or equivalent). Do not discharge rinsing water to sewer systems.
2. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.
3. Delivery of the packaging to a licensed service for disposal of hazardous waste.
4. Disposal in a landfill or burning in open air should only occur as a last resort. For disposal in a landfill, containers should be emptied completely, rinsed and punctured to make them unusable for other purposes. If burned, stay out of smoke.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

##### ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA/ICAO classification

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 14.1. <b>UN number</b> .....  | 1993  |
| 14.2. <b>UN proper shipping name</b> .....  | Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (alkyl(C3-C4)benzenes and bifenthrin)  |
| 14.3. <b>Transport hazard class(es)</b> .....   | 3   |
| 14.4. <b>Packing group</b> .....  | III   |
| 14.5. <b>Environmental hazards</b> .....  | Marine pollutant  |
| 14.6. <b>Special precautions for user</b> .....   | Avoid any unnecessary contact with the product. Misuse can result in damage to health. Do not discharge to the environment. |
| 14.7. <b>Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code</b> ..... | The product is not transported in bulk by ship.   |

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 15.1. <b>Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture</b> | Seveso category (Dir. 2012/18/EU): dangerous for the environment<br>Second Seveso category: flammable   |
|   | The employer shall assess any risks to the safety or health and any possible effect on the pregnancies or breastfeeding of workers and decide what measures should be taken (Dir. 92/85/EEC). |
|   | Young people under the age of 18 are not allowed to work with the substance.  |

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All ingredients are covered by EU chemical legislation.

15.2. **Chemical safety assessment** ..... A chemical safety assessment is not required to be included for this product.

**♣ SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Relevant changes in the safety data sheet .....

Minor corrections only.

List of abbreviations .....

- ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- AOEL Acceptable Operator Exposure Level
- BOD<sub>5</sub> Biological Oxygen Demand within 5 days
- CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
- COD Chemical Oxygen Demand
- Dir. Directive
- DNEL Derived No Effect Level
- EC European Community, or Emulsifiable Concentrate
- EFSA European Food Safety Authority
- EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
- GHS Globally Harmonized classification and labelling System of chemicals, Fifth revised edition 2013
- IBC International Bulk Chemical code
- IC<sub>50</sub> 50% Inhibition Concentration
- ISO International Organisation for Standardization
- IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
- LC<sub>50</sub> 50% Lethal Concentration
- LD<sub>50</sub> 50% Lethal Dose
- LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
- MARPOL Set of rules from the International Maritime Organisation (IMO) for prevention of sea pollution
- NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration
- n.o.s. Not otherwise specified
- OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
- PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
- PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
- Reg. Registration, or Regulation
- STOT Specific Target Organ Toxicity
- TLV Threshold Limit Value
- TWA Time Weighted Average
- US-EPA Environmental Protection Agency, USA
- vPvB very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
- WHO World Health Organisation

References .....

Data measured on the product are unpublished company data. Data on

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ingredients are available from published literature and can be found several places.

Method for classification ..... Flammable liquid: test data  
 Acute oral toxicity: test data  
 Acute inhalation toxicity: test data  
 Skin irritation: test data  
 Eye damage: test data  
 Carcinogenicity: calculation rules  
 Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure: calculation rules  
 Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure: calculation rules  
 Aspiration toxicity: calculation rules  
 Hazards to the aquatic environment: calculation rules

Used hazard statements ..... H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.  
 H300 Fatal if swallowed.  
 H302 Harmful if swallowed.  
 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
 H312 Harmful in contact with skin.  
 H315 Causes skin irritation  
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
 H318 Causes serious eye damage.  
 H331 Toxic if inhaled.  
 H332 Harmful if inhaled.  
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.  
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
 H351 Suspected of causing cancer.  
 H372 Causes damage to nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.  
 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
 EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking.  
 EUH208 Contains bifenthrin. May produce an allergic reaction.  
 EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions of use.

Advice on training ..... This material should only be used by persons who are made aware of its hazardous properties and have been instructed in the required safety precautions.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable, but uses of the product vary and situations unforeseen by FMC Corporation may exist. The user has to check the validity of the information under local circumstances.

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