

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 18/09/2023

1. Identification of the substance or mixture and of the supplier

Product: Potassium phosphite + copper oxychloride

Product commercial name: HERCULES
Recommended use: Fungicide

Supplier: Luxembourg Industries Ltd.

27 Hamered St., Tel Aviv, 6812509

ISRAEL

Emergency phone number: +972 3 796 4300

2. Hazards identification

Classification of the product according to the Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard classification: Acute toxicity-Oral Category 5

Acute toxicity-Dermal Category 5
Acute toxicity-Inhalation Category 4
Eye damage/irritation Category 2B

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Acute hazard Category 1 Long-term hazard Category 1

Label elements: Pictogram



Signal word: Warning

Hazard statement(s): H303 May be harmful if swallowed.

H313 May be harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled. H320 Causes eye irritation.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s):

Prevention: P261 Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P264 Wash face and exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response: P312 IF SWALLOWED/ON SKIN or INHALED: Call a POISON

CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing.

P305+ P351+ P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with eater for several

minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

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LUXEMBOURG INDUSTRIES LTD

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage: No storage statements.

Disposal: P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national/

international regulations.

Other hazards: Not known

3. Information on ingredients contributing to hazard

Common name: Copper oxychloride Potassium phosphites

Chemical formula: $K_2HPO_3 + KH_2PO_3$ ClCu₂H₃O₃ 13977-65-6 and 13492-26-7 1332-40-7 CAS No.: 285-315 g/L 190-210 g/L **Content:**

as phosphorous acid equivalent

as copper equivalent Classification:

Acute Tox. Cat. 4, H302 Acute Tox. Cat. 4, H302 Eve Irrit. Cat. 2, H319 Acute Tox. Cat. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. Cat. 2, H315 Aquatic Acute Cat. 1, H400

Aquatic Chronic Cat. 1, H410

4. First-aid measures

Ingestion: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT

induce vomiting. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a **Inhalation:**

POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin: Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

The main symptoms of copper compound poisoning due to ingestion in high doses are: gastrointestinal irritation: vomiting, burning pain in the epigastrium, abdominal pain, diarrhea, occasionally digestive hemorrhage, headache, sweating, weakness, and rarely shock. Hemolysis, anemia, methemoglobinemia, albuminuria, hemoglubinuria, jaundice, hepatomegaly and occasionally acute renal and hepatic failure.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Administration of Dimercaprol (BAL), EDTA or D-penicillamine may be useful. Treat symptomatically and give supportive therapy.



5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray, carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder or

appropriate foam, avoid using water jet. Move containers

from fire area if you can do it without risk.

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical:

Combustion or thermal decomposition may evolve toxic and irritant vapors. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may

cause pollution.

Special protective equipment and

precautions for fire-fighters:

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and chemical protective clothing. Dike fire-control

water for later disposal; do not scatter the material.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective

equipment:

Exercise appropriate precautions to minimize direct contact with skin and eyes and to prevent inhalation. Use personal protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental precautions:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined area.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Contain product with an inert diking material. Place reclaimed product in a closed and properly labeled waste drum. Store drum in separate area until proper disposal. Flash residue with water. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national/international regulations.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Wear suitable protective clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Keep container in a well ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedstuffs. Store in original containers only. Do not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Occupational exposure limits: Copper (TWA)

Fume: 0.2 mg/m^3 Dust and mists, as Cu 1 mg/m^3

Appropriate engineering controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations low. Ensure that eyewash



stations and safety showers are in proximity to the work-station

location.

Personal protective equipment: Long sleeve shirt, long pants, boots, chemical resistant gloves,

dust or mist respirator, and protective eyewear.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance:LiquidColour:Green

Odour: Characteristic

pH: 9-10

Melting point/freezing point: Not available **Boiling point:** Not available **Evaporation rate:** Not available Flash point: $> 100 \, {}^{\circ}\text{C}$ Flammability: Not flammable Vapour pressure: Not available Vapour density: Not available **Density:** 1.7 g/mL

Solubility in water: Copper oxychloride - insoluble

Potassium phosphite - very soluble

Partitition coefficient

n-octanol/water:Not relevantIgnition temperature:Not availableDecomposition temperature:Not availableViscosity:1800-2500 cP

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: Stable under normal conditions. Not corrosive to aluminum,

copper and polyethylene. Slightly corrosive to zinc.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressure.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: None known. Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid: No data available.

Incompatible materials: The product is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, strong

bases and oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition products: No data available.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Oral LD_{50} (rat): >3000 mg/kg Dermal LD_{50} (rabbit): >4000 mg/kg Inhalation LC_{50} (4h, rat): >1.35 mg/L

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin irritation (rabbit): Not irritant



Serious eye damage/irritation

Eye irritation (rabbit): Irritant

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Dermal sensitization (guinea pig): Not a skin sensitizer

Genotoxicity: No data available

Carcinogenicity: IARC: None of its components it's listed as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity: Available reproductive and developmental studies by the oral route of exposure generally indicate that the main concern in

animals for reproductive and teratogenic effects of copper has usually been associated with the deficiency rather than the

excess of copper.

STOT* single exposure:

No data available

No data available

No hazardous

*STOT = Specific Target Organ Toxicity

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

Birds:

Japanese quail LD₅₀: >2000 mg/kg

Fish:

Poecilia reticulata LC₅₀ (96h): 0.535 mg/L

Bees:

Apis mellifera (oral): 100 μg/bee

Persistence and degradability: Copper naturally occurs in the environment, and

continuously cycles through natural geothermodynamic processes that binds or releases copper ions. Because copper is an element, it cannot break down any further via hydrolysis, metabolism, or any other degradation

processes.

Potassium phosphite is not biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available.

Mobility in soil: The free cupric ion has a high sorption affinity for soil,

sediments and organic matter, and copper applied to the surface is not expected to readily move into groundwater.

Potassium phosphite has a low mobility in soil.

Other adverse effects: Not data available.



13. Disposal considerations

Do not reuse empty containers. Wash empty containers three times with water and pour the washing water into the tank sprayer. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

14. Transport information

UN No.: 3082 Class: 9 Packaging group: III

Proper shipping name: Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Liquid, N.O.S. (copper oxychloride)

Marine pollutant: Yes

15. Regulatory information

This data sheet complies with the requirements of the Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of chemicals (GHS).

16. Other information

The information contained herein is applicable solely to the indicated product, and does not relate to any other use of this product as described. Its use is intended by persons having technical skill and at their own discretion and risk. The information has been developed from sources reliable. This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, including the warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose is made with respect to the information contained herein.

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